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***Trends in the Iraqi Political Values toward
Secular Politics and National Identity:
Findings from December 2004, April 2006, October 2006, March
2007, and July 2007 Values Surveys***

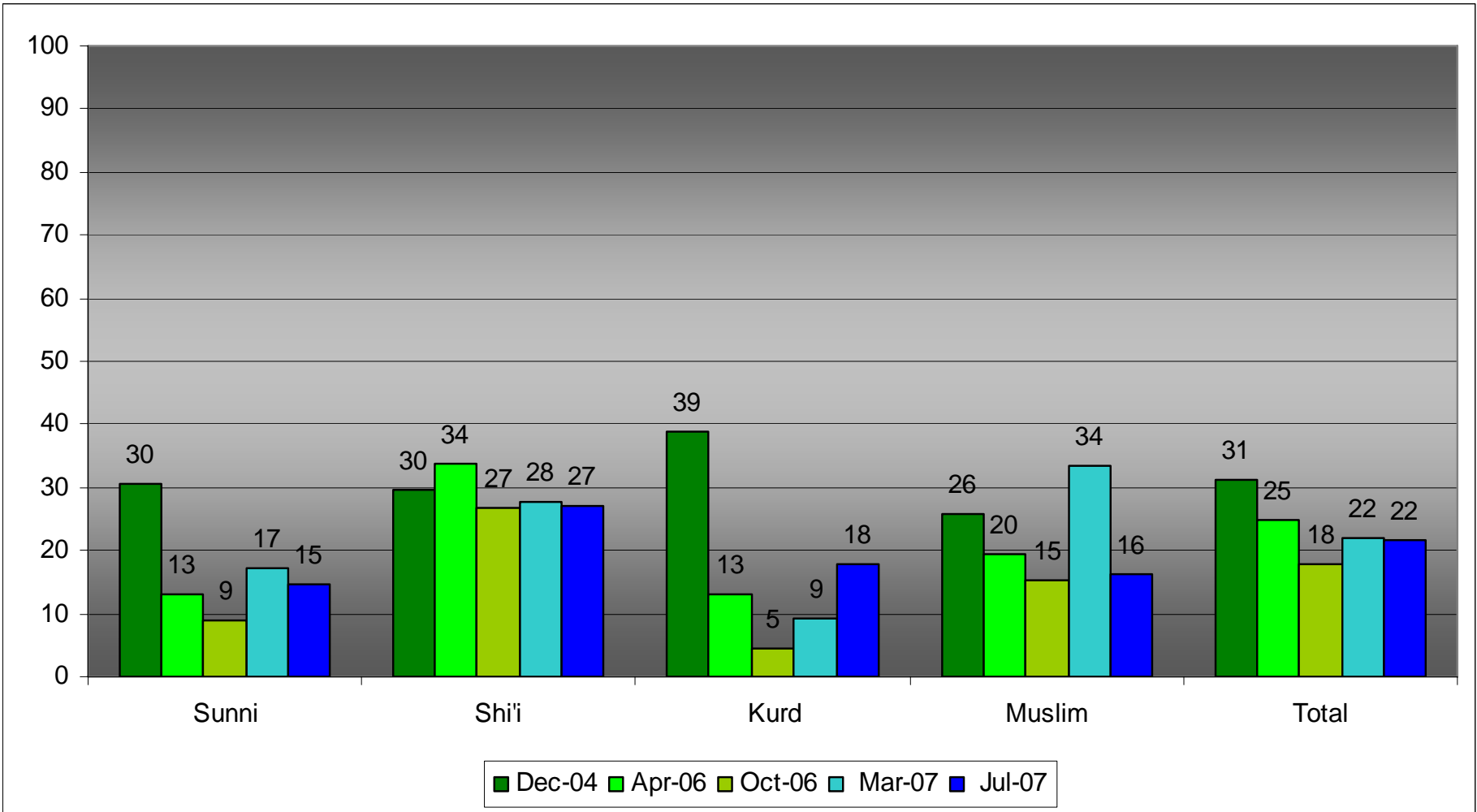
December 2004 & April 2006 surveys were supported by grants from the National Science Foundations (with Ronald Inglehart and Mark Tessler [Co-PIs]), April & October 2006 surveys were supervised by Assessment Effects Group connected to Multi National Forces in Iraq, and March 2007 and July 2007 surveys were sponsored by Independent Institute for Administration and Civil Society Study (IIACSS).

The surveys were carried out by IIACSS.

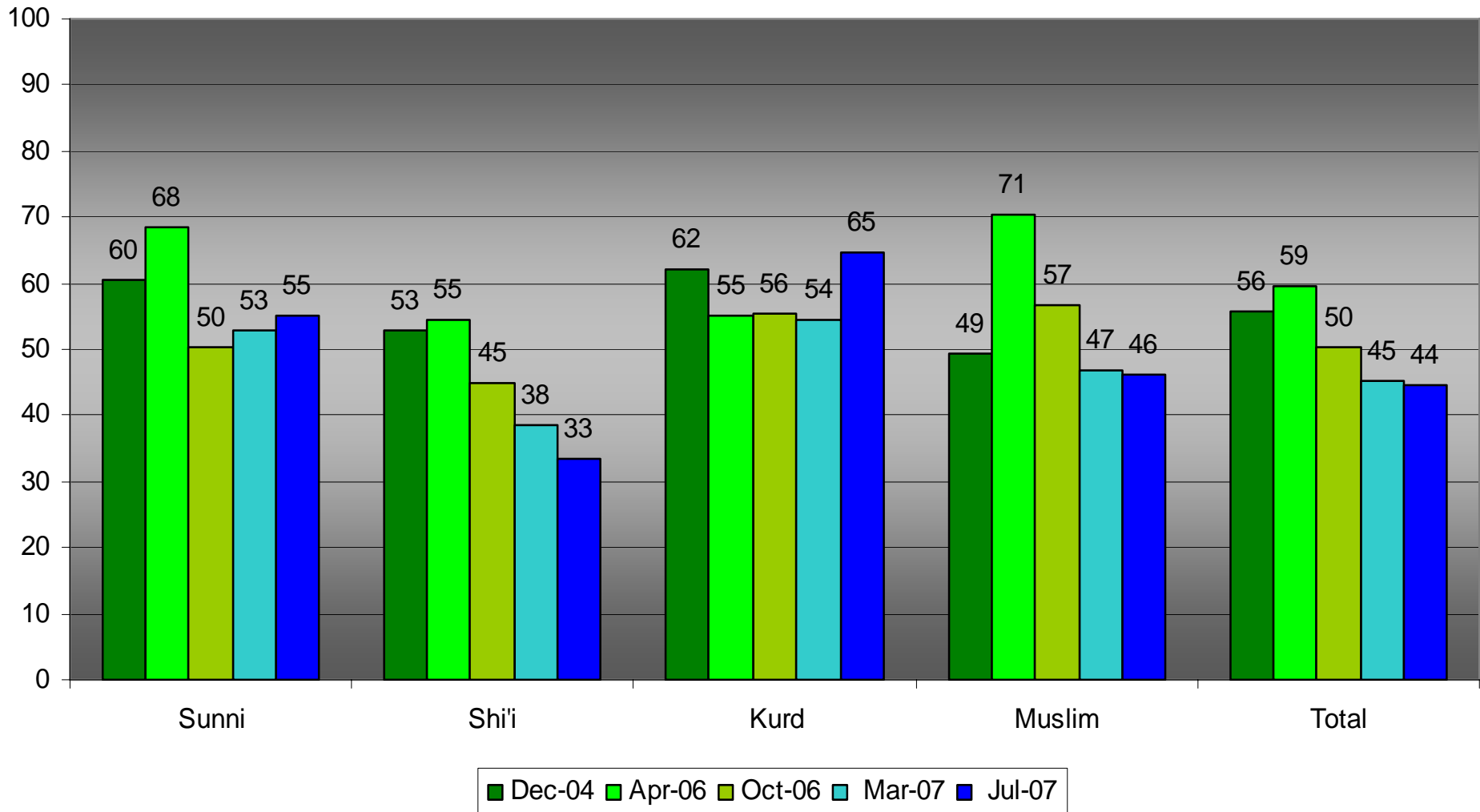
The distribution of the samples by religion and ethnicity

	Dec-04	Apr-06	Oct-06	Mar-07	Jul-07
Shi'is	57%	54%	51%	51%	53%
Sunnis	21%	18%	23%	25%	26%
Muslims	6%	14%	9%	2%	5%
Kurds	16%	14%	17%	15%	16%
Total	2,255	2,635	7,730	7,411	7,732

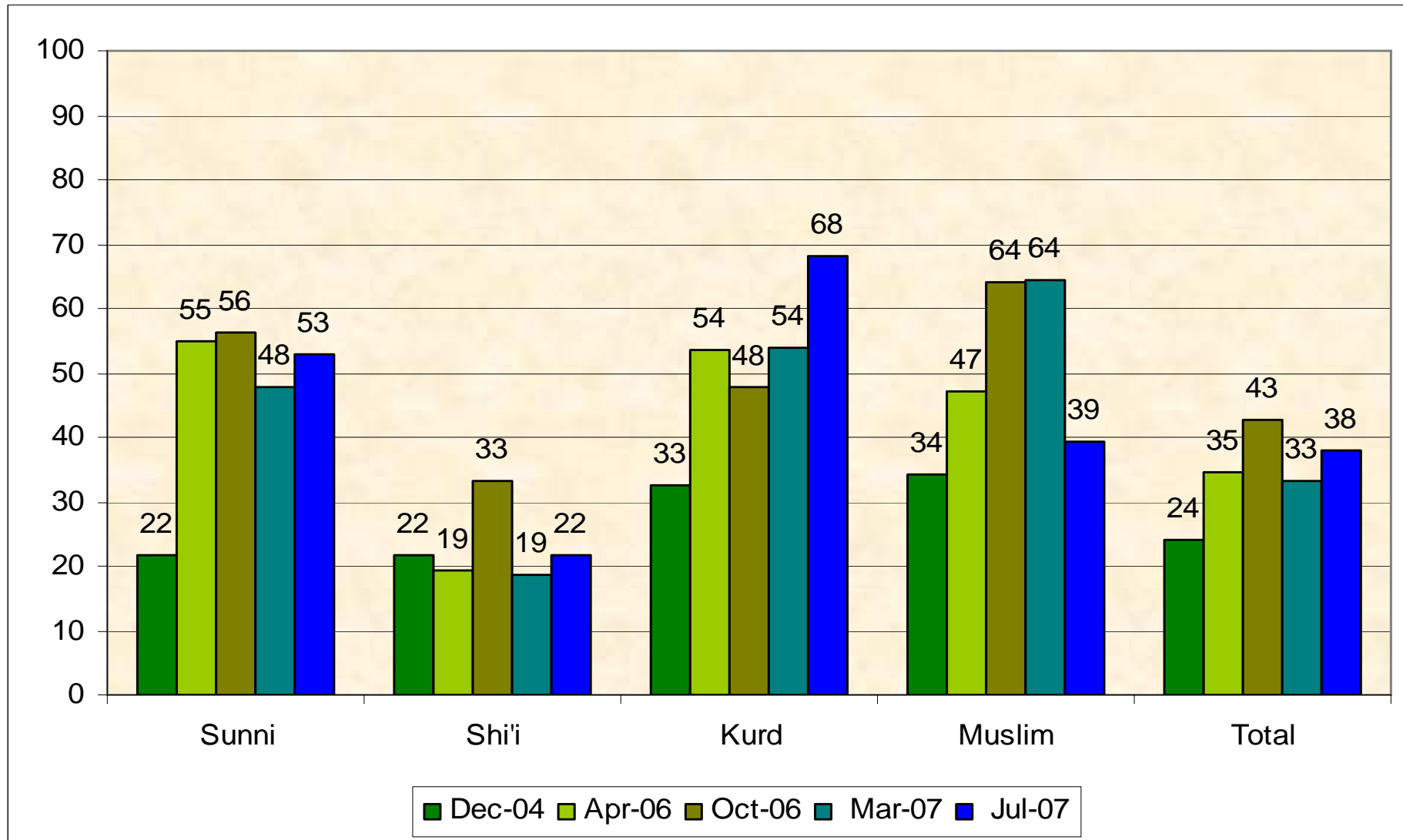
%Iraqis expressing “very good” to have a government that implements only the shari’a by ethnicity in 2004-07 period



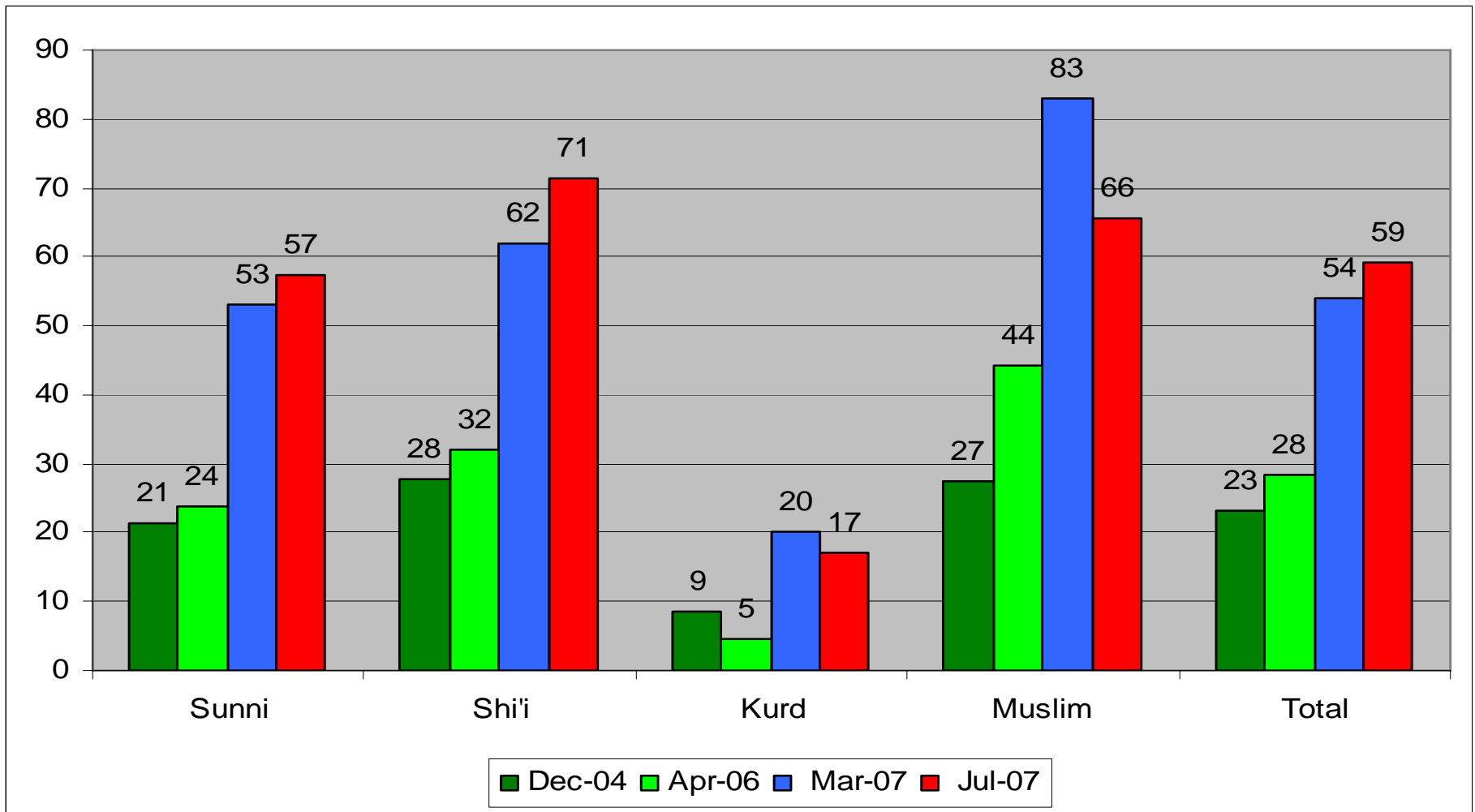
%Iraqis expressing “very good” to have a government that makes laws according to the people’s wishes by ethnicity in 2004-07 period



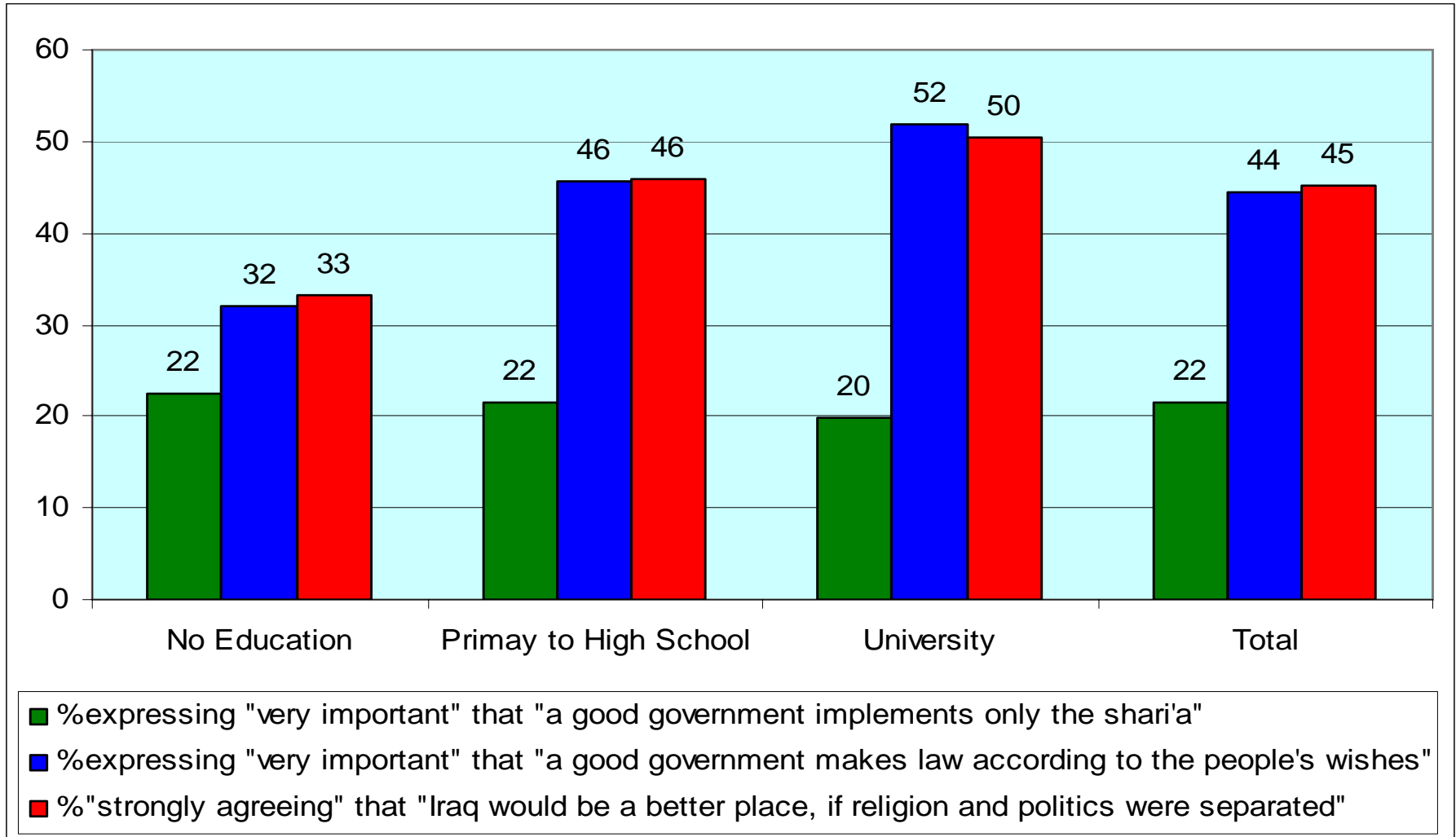
%“strongly agreeing” that Iraq would be a better place if religion and politics were separated



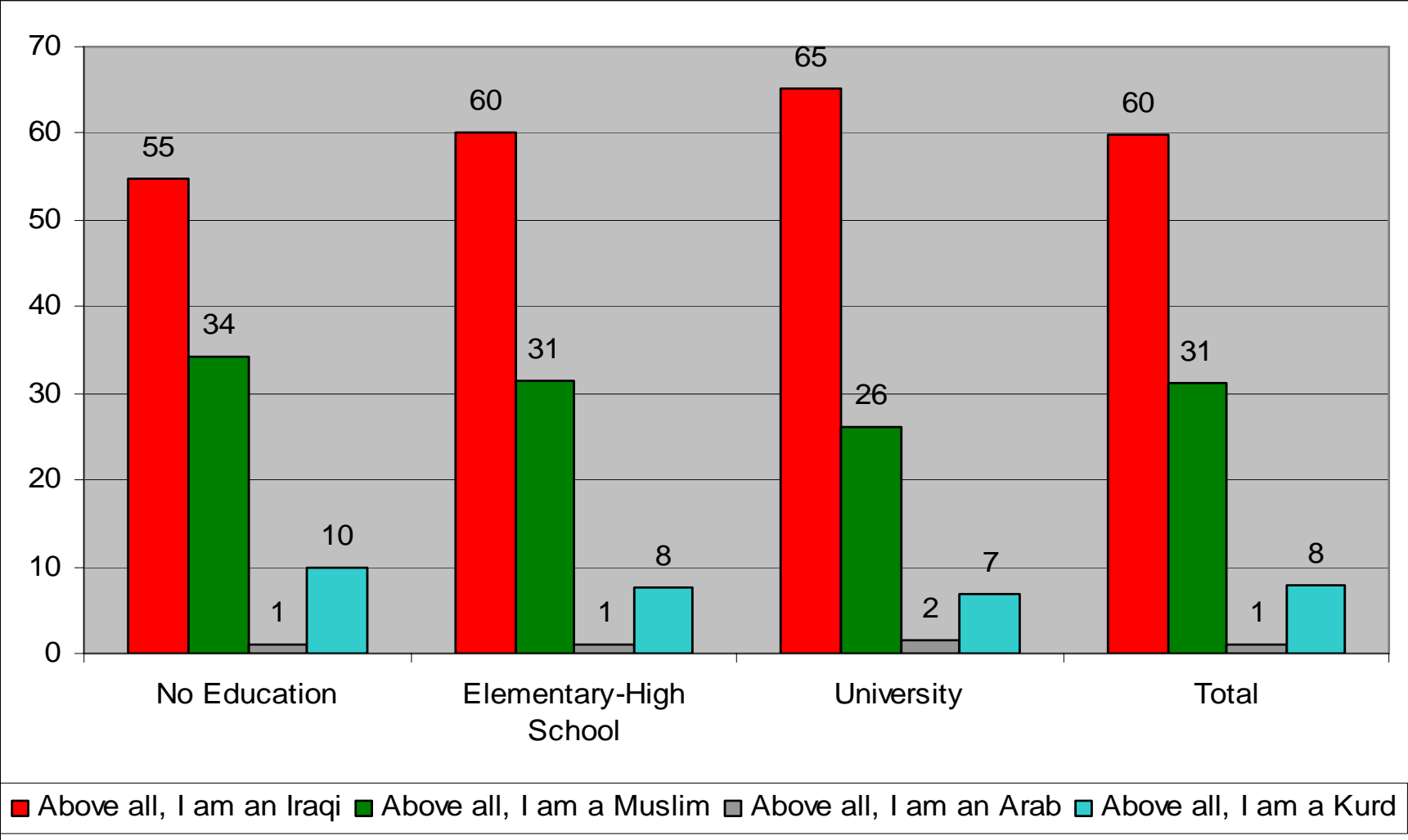
%Describing selves as “Iraqis, above all” (as opposed to “Muslims, Arabs, or Kurds, above all”)



Attitudes toward the shari'a, laws according to the people's wishes, and secular politics among Iraqis by education in July, 2007 Survey



National versus religious or ethnic identity by education among Iraqis in July, 2007 Survey



%Expressing very proud to be Iraqis by ethnicity and sect in July, 2007 Survey

